



# STIC Search Report

## EIC 2800

STIC Database Tracking Number: 162262

**TO: Matthew Warren**  
**Location: JEF-6C61**  
**Art Unit: 2815**  
**Tuesday, August 30, 2005**

**Case Serial Number: 10/734419**

**From: MARY S. MIMS**  
**Location: STIC-EIC2800**  
**JEF-4B59**  
**Phone: 25928**  
**Email: Mary.Mims@uspto.gov**

### Search Notes

Examiner Matthew Warren,

Please find attached results of your search for 10/724,419. The search was conducted using the CAS & Dialog databases relevant to semiconductors. The marked items appear to be the closest items located during our search. Please review all of the items presented

Based on this, if you have questions or would like a refocused search, please contact me. Thanks

Mary S. Mims

162262

**SEARCH REQUEST FORM** Scientific and Technical Information Center - EIC2800  
 Rev. 3/19/2004 This is an experimental format. Please give suggestions or comments to Jeff Harrison, JEF-4B68, 272-2511.

Date 8/11/05 Serial # 10/734419 Priority Application Date 12/4/95  
 Your Name Matthew Warren Examiner # 76062  
 AU 2815 Phone 571-272-1737 Room 6 C 61  
 In what format would you like your results? Paper is the default. PAPER DISK EMAIL

If submitting more than one search, please prioritize in order of need.

The EIC searcher normally will contact you before beginning a prior art search. If you would like to sit with a searcher for an interactive search, please notify one of the searchers.

Where have you searched so far on this case?

Circle: USPT DPWI EPO Abs JPO Abs IBM TDB

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

What relevant art have you found so far? Please attach pertinent citations or Information Disclosure Statements. \_\_\_\_\_

What types of references would you like? Please checkmark:

Primary Refs ☒ Nonpatent Literature ☒ Other \_\_\_\_\_  
 Secondary Refs ☒ Foreign Patents ☒ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Teaching Refs ☒ \_\_\_\_\_

What is the topic, such as the **novelty**, motivation, utility, or other specific facets defining the desired **focus** of this search? Please include the concepts, synonyms, keywords, acronyms, registry numbers, definitions, structures, strategies, and anything else that helps to describe the topic. Please attach a copy of the abstract and pertinent claims.

The invention pertains to a semiconductor assembly having  
3 insulation layers & a photoresist. Silicon oxide (SiO<sub>2</sub>), Silicon nitride (SiN),  
and Silicon Oxynitride (SiON), and then photoresist are stacked in that  
order. The SiON layer may also be an oxidized SiN layer.  
The most important thing is to find the film stack of SiO<sub>2</sub>, SiN, SiON, &  
photoresist.

**Staff Use Only**

Searcher Mary Mims

Searcher Phone: 25928

Searcher Location: STIC-EIC2800, JEF-4B68

Date Searcher Picked Up: 8/11/05

Date Completed: 8/30/05

Searcher Prep/Rev Time: 23 hr

Online Time: 15 12 hr

**Type of Search**

Structure (H) \_\_\_\_\_

Bibliographic ☒

Litigation ☒

Fulltext ☒

Patent Family \_\_\_\_\_

Other \_\_\_\_\_

**Vendors**

STN ☒

Dialog ☒

CompuText ☒

Lexis-Nexis ☒

WWW/Internet ☒

Other \_\_\_\_\_



# STIC Search Results Feedback Form

**EIC 2800**

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact *the EIC searcher or contact:*

Jeff Harrison, EIC 2800 Team Leader  
571-272-2511, JEF 4B68

## Voluntary Results Feedback Form

➤ I am an examiner in Workgroup:  Example: 2810

➤ Relevant prior art **found**, search results used as follows:

- ☐ 102 rejection
- ☐ 103 rejection
- ☐ Cited as being of interest.
- ☐ Helped examiner better understand the invention.
- ☐ Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.

Types of relevant prior art found:

- ☐ Foreign Patent(s)
- ☐ Non-Patent Literature  
(journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)

➤ Relevant prior art **not found**:

- ☐ Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).
- ☐ Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.

Comments:

Drop off or send completed forms to STIC/EIC2800, GP4-9C18



08/26/2005 Warren 10/734,419

=> d his full

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:17:35 ON 26 AUG 2005)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:18:11 ON 26 AUG 2005

RECALL MARYJ MARYJ/L

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-----
L1 (      428)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  "N O SI"/ELF
L2 (      407)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  N.O.SI/MF
L3 (      831)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  "N SI"/ELF
L4 (         3)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  "N4 SI3"/MF
L5 (         0)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  N4 O2 SI3/MF
L6 (         48)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  "O2 SI"/MF
L7 (        382)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  O.SI/MF
L8 (       21767)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  "O SI"/ELF
L9 (       92822)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  PHOTO(A) (RESIST? OR MASK? OR LITHO? OR
      ENGRAV?) OR PHOTOLITHOG? OR PHOTOMASK? OR PHOTORESIST? OR
      LIGHT(2A) RESIST?
L10 (      2332)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (OXIDAT? OR LOCOS OR OXIDIS? OR OXIDIZ?) (L
      (L3 OR L4)
L11 (      108)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L10 AND L9
L12 (         69)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L11(L) L6
L13 (         69)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L11 AND L6
L14 (    3566716)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ?LAYER? OR ?FILM? OR ?COAT? OR LAMINAT###
      OR DEPOSI?
L15 (         64)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L14 AND L13
L16 (    1704385)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  THICK#### OR "NM" OR NANO(W) METER OR
      NANOMETER OR "AA" OR "ANG" OR ANGSTROM OR THIN(2A) FILM? OR
      ULTRATHIN OR ULTRA(W) THIN
L17 (         22)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L15 AND L16
L18 (         0)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L13 AND (L1 OR L2)
L19 (         0)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L11 AND (L1 OR L2)
L20 (        611)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (L1 OR L2) AND (L3 OR L4) AND (L7 OR L8)
L21 (         44)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L20 AND L9
L22 (         41)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L21 AND L14
L23 (         41)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L22 NOT L17
L24 (        170)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (L3 OR L4) (L) OXIDIZ?
L25 (        170)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  OXIDIZ? (L) ((L3 OR L4))
L26 (        6863)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  SION OR (SI OR SILICON) (W) (OXIDE(W) NITRIDE
      OR OXYNITRIDE)
L27 (         308)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (L1 OR L2) (L) L26
L28 (       87498)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (OXIDED? OR OXIDI? OR OXYGEN#### OR "O" OR
      "O2") (1A) SIN OR SI3N4 OR SILICONITRIDE OR SILICON(W) NITRIDE OR
      SI(W) NITRIDE
L29 (       30831)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (L27 OR L28) AND (L3 OR L4) AND (L6 OR L7
      OR L8)
L30 (       3524)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L29 AND L9
L31 (       3227)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L30 AND L14
L32 (       778)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L31 AND L16
L33 (    343659)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  SIMICONDUCT? OR WAFER OR IC OR SEMI(W) CONDU
      CT? OR CHIP OR MICRO(W) CHIP OR MICROCHIP OR INTEGRATED(W) CIRCUI
      T OR TRANSISTOR
L34 (         387)SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L32 AND L33
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L35      6870 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  SION OR (SI OR SILICON) (W) (OXIDE(W) NITRIDE
      OR OXYNITRIDE)
L36      758 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (OXIDED? OR OXIDI? OR OXYGEN#### OR "O" OR
      "O2") (1A) (SIN OR SI3N4 OR SILICONITRIDE OR SILICON(W) NITRIDE
```

08/26/2005 Warren 10/734,419

OR SI(W)NITRIDE)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:36:37 ON 26 AUG 2005

L37 428 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "N O SI"/ELF  
L38 407 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON N.O.SI/MF  
L39 831 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "N SI"/ELF  
L40 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "N4 SI3"/MF  
L41 48 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "O2 SI"/MF  
L42 382 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON O.SI/MF  
L43 21774 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "O SI"/ELF

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:37:47 ON 26 AUG 2005

L44 92876 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (PHOTO(A) (RESIST? OR MASK? OR LITHO? OR  
ENGRAV?)) OR PHOTOLITHOG? OR PHOTOMASK? OR PHOTORESIST? OR  
LIGHT(2A) RESIST?  
L45 2333 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L39 OR L40) (L) (OXIDAT? OR LOCOS OR  
OXIDIS? OR OXIDIZ?)  
L46 3432 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L37 OR L38) (L) L26  
L47 1331 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L39 OR L40) AND (L41 OR L42) AND (L46 OR  
L36)  
L48 187 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L47 AND L44  
L49 184 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L48 AND L14  
L50 49 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L49 AND L16  
D 1-25 IBIB AB  
D IBIB AB 26-49

L17 ANSWER 20 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:489712 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:89712  
TITLE: Semiconductor device manufacture  
INVENTOR(S): Kayama, Shigeki; Hoshi, Naoya; Aoyama, Junichi;  
Shimada, Takashi  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 61070736	A2	19860411	JP 1984-192094	19840913
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1984-192094	19840913

AB A method for manufacturing semiconductor devices involves: (a) forming an insulating **layer** (especially SiO<sub>2</sub>) on a p-type substrate; (b) forming an oxidation-resistant **layer** (especially Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>) on the SiO<sub>2</sub> insulator **layer**; (c) creating a **photoresist** mask on the oxidation-resistant **layer**; (d) reactive-ion etching of the insulating and oxidation-resistant **layers** in the desired shape; (e) injecting impurity ions (e.g., of B) into the top portion of the substrate not covered by the insulating **layer**; (f) forming a polycryst. Si **layer** by chemical vapor **deposition** over the entire surface of the device; (g) forming a **thick** SiO<sub>2</sub> **layer** and a P+-type channel-stopper **layer** beneath it through thermal oxidation using the Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> oxidn-resistant **layer** as a mask, and (h) etching the oxidation-resistant **layer** and a SiO<sub>2</sub> **layer** formed on it during the thermal oxidation process. The method prevents the formation of a bird's beak during the thermal oxidation, since the polycryst. Si **layer** controls the bending of the Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> oxidation-resistant **layer**.

L23 ANSWER 13 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:570165 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:143452  
 TITLE: Formation of an isolation film for a semiconductor device  
 INVENTOR(S): Hwang, Hyun-sang  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lg Semiconductor Co., Ltd., S. Korea  
 SOURCE: Repub. Korea, No pp. given  
 CODEN: KRXXFC  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Korean  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
KR 9710151	B1	19970621	KR 1994-5629	19940321
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			KR 1994-5629	19940321

AB The separation film of semiconductor element is formed as the following. (a) On the Si substrate, form the thin oxide film and the nitride film in that order and then through the photo engraving process using the active mask, remove the nitride film of field region and the oxide film in order. After that, the SiOxNy layer is formed by thermal processing it in NH3 atm or injecting N ion on the exposed substrate. (b) On the front side of the resulting material, form the polycryst. Si film and form the polycryst. Si sidewall on the sidewalls of nitride film and the oxide film through dry etching.

L23 ANSWER 17 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:180926 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:230643

TITLE: Semiconductor device including an antireflective etch stop layer

INVENTOR(S): Wang, Fei; Foote, David K.; Cagan, Myron R.; Gupta, Subhash

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Advanced Micro Devices, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 14 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,710,067.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 6

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6040619	A	20000321	US 1997-937774	19970925
US 5710067	A	19980120	US 1995-479718	19950607
WO 9916118	A1	19990401	WO 1998-US17884	19980828
W: JP, KR				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 1034564	A1	20000913	EP 1998-943453	19980828
R: DE, FR, GB, NL				
JP 2001517870	T2	20011009	JP 2000-513315	19980828
US 6313018	B1	20011106	US 2000-504449	20000216
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-479718	A2 19950607
			US 1997-937774	A 19970925
			WO 1998-US17884	W 19980828

AB A microelectronic device such as a MOS transistor is formed on a semiconductor substrate. A W damascene interconnect for the device is formed using an etch stop layer of Si nitride, Si oxynitride, or Si oxime having a high Si content of .apprx.40-50 weight%. The etch stop layer has high etch selectivity relative to overlying insulator materials such as SiO<sub>2</sub>, tetraethylorthosilicate (TEOS) glass, and borophosphosilicate glass (BPSG). The etch stop layer also has a high index of refraction and is antireflective, thereby improving critical dimension control during photolithog. imaging.

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



L50 ANSWER 46 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:54778 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:54778  
 TITLE: Isolation in fabrication of integrated circuits  
 INVENTOR(S): Sawada, Shizuo; Higuchi, Takayoshi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toshiba Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 37 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3418638	A1	19841122	DE 1984-3418638	19840518
JP 59214237	A2	19841204	JP 1983-88573	19830520
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1983-88573	A 19830520

AB A method for forming highly integrated circuits with isolation regions without bird beaks consists of **coating** Si with SiO<sub>2</sub>, Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, poly-Si, and a **photoresist** mask, selectively etching a window through the **layers**, etching a groove in the Si substrate, removing the resist, thermally **oxidizing**, **depositing** Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, **depositing** SiO<sub>2</sub>, masking, etching the SiO<sub>2</sub> **layer**, selectively etching the Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> **layer**, etching the underlying oxide and poly-Si **layers**, forming a field SiO<sub>2</sub> **film**, and forming device components in the isolation region. Thus, p--Si(100) was thermally oxidized to .apprx.500 .ANG., a Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> **film** .apprx.1200 .ANG. **thick** was **deposited**, poly-Si .apprx.300 .ANG. was **deposited**, a mask was applied, the underlying **layers** were reactive-ion etched using C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>6</sub>, the Si substrate was etched in KOH solution, 100-keV B<sup>+</sup> ions were implanted to a dose of .apprx.1013 cm<sup>-2</sup>, the mask was removed, the exposed Si was thermally oxidized to 500 .ANG., Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> **films** of 200 .ANG. and SiO<sub>2</sub> **films** of 3000 .ANG. were **deposited**, the SiO<sub>2</sub> **layer** was reactive-ion etched in C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>6</sub>, the exposed Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> was etched using the SiO<sub>2</sub> **layer** as a mask, the exposed SiO<sub>2</sub> was etched in NH<sub>4</sub>F solution, the surface was thermally oxidized in steam at 1000° to give an .apprx.7000 .ANG. SiO<sub>2</sub> field **film** and activate the B dopant, the 1st and 2nd Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> **films** were removed, and the rest of the device components were completed.

L50 ANSWER 47 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:482652 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:82652  
 TITLE: Thin dielectric insulation in a silicon semiconductor  
 INVENTOR(S): Greschner, Johann; Trumpp, Hans Joachim  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): IBM Deutschland G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 40 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3242113	A1	19840524	DE 1982-3242113	19821113
EP 111086	A2	19840620	EP 1983-109945	19831005
EP 111086	A3	19860730		
EP 111086	B1	19890308		
R: DE, FR, GB, IT, NL				
US 4502914	A	19850305	US 1983-546612	19831028
JP 59107518	A2	19840621	JP 1983-212610	19831114
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1982-3242113	A 19821113
			EP 1983-109945	A 19831005

AB A method for forming a SiO<sub>2</sub> isolation region of width .apprx.1  $\mu$  and depth .apprx.5  $\mu$  in a Si substrate consists of **coating** Si with a **thin SiO<sub>2</sub> film**, **coating** with a resist, **coating** with Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, **coating** with a **photoresist**, masking, reactive-ion etching 1st with O<sub>2</sub> followed by CF<sub>4</sub> and then O<sub>2</sub>, **depositing** Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, reactive-ion etching off the top **layer** of Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, reactive-ion etching the resist, **coating** with a sensitive resist, etching with CF<sub>4</sub> plasma to remove the Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> walls and etching down to the Si, etching into the Si with Cl<sub>2</sub>-Ar or O<sub>2</sub> plasmas, thermally oxidizing or filling with oxide, nitride and a plastic, and reactive-ion etching in CHF<sub>3</sub>.

# INSPEC

8/29/2005 Warren 10/734,419

## Ref Items Index-term

E1- 4 CI=SI3N4O SS; E2- 2 CI=SI3N4O SUR; E4-1 CI=SI3N4O7  
E5-1 CI=SI3N4O7 SS; E6-1 CI=SI3N4O7 SUR

### S1

E3-73769 \*CI=SIO2; E5-53822 CI=SIO2 BIN; E7-1 CI=SIO2 EL  
E8-27605 CI=SIO2 INT; E9-26091 CI=SIO2 SS

### S2

E1-7 SI3N; E3-60 \*SI3N4

### S3

E3-9267 \*CI=SI3N4; E5-9215 CI=SI3N4 BIN; E7-3974 CI=SI3N4 INT  
E8-64 CI=SI3N4 SS; E9-1705 CI=SI3N4 SUR

### S4

E3-1911 \*CI=SION; E6-1061 CI=SION INT; E7-1911 CI=SION SS  
E8-168 CI=SION SUR; E20-1 CI=SION-SI-SIO2 INT

### S5

E3-73769 \*CI=SIO2; E5-53822 CI=SIO2 BIN; E7-1 CI=SIO2 EL  
E8-27605 CI=SIO2 INT; E9-26091 CI=SIO2 SS; E10-14710 CI=SIO2 SUR

### S6

E3-4249 \*CI=SIN; E5-4231 CI=SIN BIN; E7-2234 CI=SIN INT  
E9-460 CI=SIN SUR

### S7

E3-3474 \*CI=SIO; E5-3441 CI=SIO BIN; E7-1229 CI=SIO INT  
E8-38 CI=SIO SS; E9-491 CI=SIO SUR

### S8

R2-921 F 1 LOCOS; R14-16529 R 56 SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNOLOGY  
R15- 24293 R 17 SURFACE CHEMISTRY; R16-17918  
R-25 SURFACE TREATMENT; R19-48090 ; R-16 CC=B2550E Surface  
treatment (semiconductor  
technology)

### S9

File 2:INSPEC 1969-2005/Aug W2

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## Set Items Description

S1	5	E1,E2,E4,E5,E6
S2	73769	E3,E5,E7,E8,E9
S3	67	E1,E3
S4	9267	E3,E5,E7,E8,E9
S5	1911	E3,E6,E7,E8,E20
S6	73769	E3,E5,E7,E8,E9,E10

S7 4249 E3,E5,E7,E9  
 S8 3474 E3,E5,E7,E8,E9  
 S9 94911 R2,R14,R15,R16,R19  
 S10 22223 TRISILICON()TETRANITRIDE OR SILICON()NITRIDE OR "SIN" OR  
 S-  
 ILICONITRIDE OR SI()NITRIDE  
 S11 118215 DIOXOSILICON? ? OR SILICONDIOXIDE? ? OR  
 SILICON()DIOXIDE? ?  
 OR SILICON()OXIDE? ? OR SILICA? ? OR "SIO" OR "SIO2"  
 S12 2336 SILICON()OXYNITRIDE? ? OR "SION" OR ((SI OR SILICON)()OXI-  
 DE? ?()NITRIDE? ?))  
 S13 69911 PHOTO? ?(A)(RESIST???? OR MASK??? OR LITHOG????? OR  
 ENGRAV-  
 ???) OR PHOTORESIST???? OR PHOTOMASK??? OR PHOTOLITHO?????  
 OR  
 PHOTOENGRAV???  
 S14 748322 THICK???? OR "NM" OR NANO()METER? ? OR NANOMETER? ?  
 OR "AA"  
 OR "ANG" OR ANGSTROM OR THIN(2N)FILM? ? OR ULTRATHIN OR  
 ULTR-  
 A()THIN  
 S15 1000839 LAYER??? OR FILM? ? OR COAT??? OR LAMINAT??? OR  
 DEPOSI????  
 S16 83979 OXIDAT????? OR LOCOS OR OXIDIS???? OR OXIDIZ?????  
 S17 480 (S1 OR S5 OR S12) AND (S3 OR S4 OR S7 OR S10) AND (S2 OR S-  
 11 OR S6 OR S8)  
 S18 17 S17 AND S13

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18/5/12

DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC

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4827224 INSPEC Abstract Number: B9501-2550E-003

Title: Computer-controlled plasma etching and endpoint detection in GaAs device processing

Author(s): Chen Zhengming

Author Affiliation: Nanjing Electron. Devices Inst., China

Journal: Research & Progress of SSE vol.14, no.2 p.182-5

Publication Date: May 1994 Country of Publication: China

CODEN: GDYJE2 ISSN: 1000-3819

Language: Chinese Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: Practical (P); Experimental (X)

Abstract: The research on plasma etching with NF/sub 3//N/sub 2/ shows that high etching rates and good etching uniformities for materials such as SiO/sub 2/, SiON, Si/sub 3/N/sub 4/, WN and W at low RF power, with thin masked AZ1518 photoresist, can be obtained. A variety of RF parameters during the etching processing have been applied to monitor and control the plasma etching with computer technology. (4 Refs)

Subfile: B

Descriptors: gallium arsenide; III-V semiconductors; semiconductor technology; sputter etching

Identifiers: computer control; endpoint detection; GaAs device processing; masked AZ1518 photoresist; RF power; computer monitoring; plasma etching; NF/sub 3//N/sub 2/; GaAs; NF/sub 3/; N/sub 2/; SiO/sub 2/; SiON; Si/sub 3/N/sub 4/; WN; W

Class Codes: B2550E (Surface treatment for semiconductor devices); B2520D (II-VI and III-V semiconductors)

Chemical Indexing:

GaAs sur - As sur - Ga sur - GaAs bin - As bin - Ga bin (Elements - 2)

NF3 bin - F3 bin - F bin - N bin (Elements - 2)

N2 el - N el (Elements - 1)

SiO2 sur - O2 sur - Si sur - O sur - SiO2 bin - O2 bin - Si bin - O bin (Elements - 2)

SiON sur - Si sur - N sur - O sur - SiON ss - Si ss - N ss - O ss (Elements - 3)

Si3N4 sur - Si3 sur - N4 sur - Si sur - N sur - Si3N4 bin - Si3 bin - N4 bin - Si bin - N bin (Elements - 2)

WN sur - N sur - W sur - WN bin - N bin - W bin (Elements - 2)

W sur - W el (Elements - 1)

08/29/2005 Warren 10/734,419

18/5/13

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

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03931952 INSPEC Abstract Number: A91099321, B91049744

Title: Chemical etching of thermally oxidized silicon nitride: comparison of wet and dry etching methods

Author(s): Loewenstein, L.M.; Tipton, C.M.

Author Affiliation: Texas Instrum. Inc., Dallas, TX, USA

Journal: Journal of the Electrochemical Society vol.138, no.5 p. 1389-94

Publication Date: May 1991 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: JESOAN ISSN: 0013-4651

Language: English Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: Experimental (X)

Abstract: The ability to etch silicon nitride changes after this material is exposed to a wet oxygen ambient, as a result of the partial oxidation of the silicon nitride to form a silicon oxynitride. The authors have measured the etch rate of silicon nitride exposed to different oxidation temperatures and pressures, to determine how these parameters affect the mask removal step needed in the local oxidation of silicon-based processing sequence. Both wet (hydrofluoric acid and phosphoric acid) and dry (SF<sub>6</sub>-based remote plasma) isotropic etch methods are described, and correlated to Rutherford backscattering and ellipsometric measurements. The results show the presence of an oxidized layer which increased in thickness with oxidation temperature and pressure. Process modifications must comprehend the altered silicon nitride surface in order to adequately strip this film. (9 Refs)

Subfile: A B

Descriptors: ellipsometry; etching; oxidation; Rutherford backscattering; semiconductor technology; silicon compounds

Identifiers: chemical etching; wet etching; oxidation pressure; thermally oxidized; dry etching; oxidation temperatures; isotropic etch; Rutherford backscattering; ellipsometric measurements; Si/<sub>3</sub>N/<sub>4</sub>; SiO/<sub>2</sub>

Class Codes: A8160C (Semiconductors); A7920N (Atom, molecule, and ion impact); B2550E (Surface treatment and oxide film formation)

Chemical Indexing:

Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> sur - Si<sub>3</sub> sur - N<sub>4</sub> sur - Si sur - N sur - Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> bin - Si<sub>3</sub> bin - N<sub>4</sub> bin - Si bin - N bin (Elements - 2)

SiON ss - Si ss - N ss - O ss (Elements - 3)

08/29/2005 Warren 10/734,419

18/5/17

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

02049010 INSPEC Abstract Number: A83052965, B83030117

Title: Comments on: 'Chemical conversion of composite films on silicon by electron beam irradiation'

Author(s): Heimann, R.B.

Author Affiliation: Inst. for Materials Res., McMaster Univ., Hamilton, Ont., Canada

Journal: Journal of Vacuum Science & Technology B (Microelectronics Processing and Phenomena) vol.1, no.1 p.108-10

Publication Date: Jan.-March 1983 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: JVTBD9 ISSN: 0734-211X

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0734-211X/83/010108-03\$01.00

Language: English Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: New Developments (N); Practical (P); Experimental (X)

Abstract: The process described has potential application for the fabrication of integrated circuits by bypassing photolithographic techniques. The formation of silicon nitride or silicon oxynitride by electron beam-activated reaction of ammonia with silicon oxide is essentially topotactical and ensures a selective masking on a microscopical to submicroscopical scale. Exposure time can be drastically reduced by using high-energy radiation, such as laser beams. Nonconverted films are readily dissolved away by buffered hydrofluoric acid whereas the silicon nitride is not affected by this treatment. Advantages of this novel process may lie in the LTV (low temperature vapor) deposition of surface films thus preventing introducing of lattice defects and undesired out diffusion and precipitation of dopant atoms owing to the high temperatures required for the current fabrication process. (15 Refs)

Subfile: A B

Descriptors: chemical vapour deposition; electron beam effects; insulating thin films; integrated circuit technology; radiation chemistry; silicon compounds

Identifiers: Si/sub 3/N/sub 4/ film; insulating film; SiO/sub 2/+NH/sub 3/; SiO/sub x/N/sub y/ film; low temperature; vapour deposition; composite films; fabrication; integrated circuits; electron beam-activated reaction; selective masking

Class Codes: A6855 (Thin film growth, structure, and epitaxy); A8115H (Chemical vapour deposition); A8250 (Photochemistry and radiation chemistry); B0520F (Vapour deposition); B2520C (Elemental semiconductors); B2550E (Surface treatment and oxide film formation); B2550G (Lithography); B2570 (Semiconductor integrated circuits)

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File 6:NTIS 1964-2005/Aug W2  
File 8:EI Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Aug W2  
File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/Aug W3  
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec  
File 35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Aug  
File 23:CSA Technology Research Database 1963-2005/Jul  
File 36:MetalBase 1965-20050825  
File 65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Aug W3  
File 92:IHS Intl.Stds.& Specs. 1999/Nov  
File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Jul W1  
File 99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/Jul  
File 103:Energy SciTec 1974-2005/Aug B1  
File 144:Pascal 1973-2005/Aug W2  
File 239:Mathsci 1940-2005/Oct  
File 305:Analytical Abstracts 1980-2005/Aug W2  
File 315:ChemEng & Biotech Abs 1970-2005/Jul  
File 347:JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Apr(Updated 050801)  
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200554

Set	Items	Description
S1	556058	PHOTO(A) (RESIST???? OR MASK???? OR LITHOG????? OR ENGRAV??- ??) OR PHOTORESIST???? OR PHOTOMASK???? OR PHOTOLITHO???? OR - PHOTOENGRAV????
S2	242464	TRISISLICON() TETRANITRIDE OR SILICON()NITRIDE? ? OR "SIN" - OR SILICONITRIDE? ? OR SI()NITRIDE? ?
S3	1006135	DIOXOSILICON OR SILICONDIOXIDE OR SILICON()DIOXIDE OR SILI- CON()OXIDE OR SILICA OR "SIO" OR "SIO2"
S4	14554	SILICON()OXYNITRIDE OR "SION" OR ((SI OR SILICON) () (OXIDE(- )NITRIDE))
S5	654	S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4
S6	4787394	THICK???? OR "NM" OR NANO()MEETER? ? OR NANOMETER? ? OR "A- A" OR "ANG" OR ANGSTROM? ? OR THIN(2N) FILM? ? OR ULTRATHIN OR ULTRA() THIN???
S7	382	S5 AND S6
S8	373	RD (unique items)
S9	9982614	LAYER???? OR FILM? ? OR COAT???? OR LAMINAT???? OR DEPOSI?- ????
S10	375	S7 AND S9
S11	3899831	SEMICONDUCT???? OR WAFER? ? OR "IC" OR SEMI() CONDUCT???? OR CHIP OR MICRO()CHIP? ? OR MICROCHIP? ? OR INTEGRATED() CIRCU-

EIC 2800 MARY MIMS 272-5928



08/29/2005 Warren 10/734,419

IT? ? OR TRANSISTOR? ?

S12 314 S10 AND S11

S13 57071890 PY<1995

S14 16 S12 AND S13

08/29/2005 Warren 10/734,419

14/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 6)  
DIALOG(R)File 6:NTIS  
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1518555 NTIS Accession Number: DE90618522  
Ion beam studied of silicon oxynitride and silicon nitroxide thin layers  
(Proefschrift (Dr))  
Oude Elferink, J. B.  
Utrecht Rijksuniversiteit (Netherlands).  
Corp. Source Codes: 019965000; 5526800  
Report No.: INIS-MF-12525  
11 Oct 89 121p  
Languages: English Document Type: Thesis  
Journal Announcement: GRAI9019  
Includes summary in Dutch.

U.S. Sales Only. Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1-800-553-NTIS  
(U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703)321-8547;  
and email at orders@ntis.fedworld.gov. NTIS is located at 5285 Port Royal  
Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA.

NTIS Prices: PC A06/MF A01

Country of Publication: Netherlands

In this the processes occurring during high temperature treatments of  
silicon oxynitride and silicon oxide layers are described. Oxynitride  
layers with various atomic oxygen to nitrogen concentration ration (O/N)  
are considered. The high energy ion beam techniques Rutherford  
backscattering spectroscopy, elastic recoil detection and nuclear reaction  
analysis have been used to study the layer structures. A detailed  
discussion of these ion beam techniques is given. Numerical methods used to  
obtain quantitative data on elemental compositions and depth profiles are  
described. The electrical compositions and depth profiles are described.  
The electrical properties of silicon nitride films are known to be  
influenced by the behaviour of hydrogen in the film during high temperature  
annealing. Investigations of the behaviour of hydrogen are presented.  
Oxidation of silicon (oxy)nitride films in  $O_2/H_2O/HCl$  and  
nitridation of silicon dioxide films in  $NH_3$  are considered since  
oxynitrides are applied as an oxidation mask in the LOCOS (Local oxidation  
of silicon) process. The nitridation of silicon oxide layers in an ammonia  
ambient is considered. The initial stage and the dependence on the oxide  
thickness of nitrogen and hydrogen incorporation are discussed. Finally,  
oxidation of silicon oxynitride layers and of silicon oxide layers are  
compared. (author). 76 refs.; 48 figs.; 1 tab. (Atomindex citation  
21:025427)

Descriptors: \*Silicon Nitrides; \*Silicon Oxides; Thin Films; Experimental  
Data; Ion Beams; Nuclear Reaction Analysis; Proton Recoil Detectors;  
Rutherford Scattering; Tables(data).

14/5/4 (Item 2 from file: 347)  
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO  
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03508725 \*\*Image available\*\*  
PATTERN FORMATION

PUB. NO.: 03-171625 [JP 3171625 A]  
PUBLISHED: July 25, 1991 (19910725)  
INVENTOR(s): NAKANO HIROBUMI  
APPLICANT(s): MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP [000601] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP (Japan)  
APPL. NO.: 01-311273 [JP 89311273]  
FILED: November 29, 1989 (19891129)  
INTL CLASS: [5] H01L-021/302; G03F-007/26; H01L-021/338; H01L-029/812  
JAPIO CLASS: 42.2 (ELECTRONICS -- Solid State Components); 29.1 (PRECISION INSTRUMENTS -- Photography & Cinematography)  
JAPIO KEYWORD:R004 (PLASMA)  
JOURNAL: Section: E, Section No. 1124, Vol. 15, No. 412, Pg. 89, October 21, 1991 (19911021)

#### ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To enable a pattern in fine dimension below the resolving power limit to be formed by a method wherein the specific position of the first coating layer formed into the first pattern on a substrate is further coated with the second coating layer taking a taper protrusion shape.

CONSTITUTION: The first thin film 2 comprising SiO(sub 2) or SiON, etc., for a dummy pattern is deposited on a semiconductor substrate 1. Next, the first resist 3 is formed on the first thin film 2 by the ordinary photolithography. Next, the first thin film 2 is RIE processed using the first resist 3 as a mask which is removed to form the dummy pattern. Finally, the second thin film 4 comprising e.g. silicon nitride etc. is deposited by bias ECR plasma CVD process on the semiconductor substrate 1 containing the first thin film 2 so that the second thin film 4 on the first thin film 2 may take a taper protrusion shape.

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14/5/8 (Item 1 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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008029308 \*\*Image available\*\*

WPI Acc No: 1989-294420/198941

XRAM Acc No: C89-130367

XRPX Acc No: N89-224571

Device having silicon substrate with sunken field oxide regions - obtd.  
using mask of silicon oxynitride and silicon nitride to provide recesses  
in which field oxide regions are formed

Patent Assignee: KONINK PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NV (PHIG ); PHILIPS

GLOEILAMPENFAB NV (PHIG )

Inventor: LIFKA H; WOERLEE P H

Number of Countries: 006 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 336515	A	19891011	EP 89200845	A	19890403	198941 B
NL 8800903	A	19891101				198946
JP 2012822	A	19900117	JP 8185860	A	19810406	199009
EP 336515	B1	20011017	EP 89200845	A	19890403	200169
DE 68929332	E	20011122	DE 629332	A	19890403	200201
			EP 89200845	A	19890403	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): NL 88903 A 19880408

Cited Patents: 3.Jnl.Ref; EP 166474; EP 189795; EP 208356; US 4038110

Abstract (Basic): EP 336515 A

Process is for the mfr. of a semiconductor device comprising a silicon substrate (1) with fully or partially sunken field oxide regions (7) for the mutual insulation of regions (8) where semiconductor elements are formed in the substrate. A mask is formed in a layer of silicon oxynitride (2) covering the substrate surface and an overlying layer of silicon nitride (3), and this mask is used to provide recesses in the substrate by carrying out a first oxidn. step and then etching away the silicon oxide thus formed. The ultimate field oxide regions are then formed in the recesses thus obtd. by a second oxidn. step while masking the mask.

Pref. the mask layers consist of 30 to 60 nm of silicon oxynitride and 50 to 200 nm of silicon nitride. The first layer of silicon oxide is etched away isotropically in a buffer soln. of hydrogen fluoride and ammonium fluoride.

USE/ADVANTAGE - For the mfr. of devices with a flat topography so that wiring tracks for interconnection of elements can be provided relatively easily on a flat surface. Produces an undergrowth of the field oxide regions which is smaller than that obtd. with known methods, and provides recesses which are more homogeneous and more accurate than previously possible. Since no chromium soln. is used to etch the silicon oxide, the ultimate device is of better quality than that obtd. using known methods.

Title Terms: DEVICE; SILICON; SUBSTRATE; SUNK; FIELD; OXIDE; REGION; OBTAIN  
; MASK; SILICON; OXYNITRIDE; SILICON; NITRIDE; RECESS; FIELD; OXIDE;  
REGION; FORMING

Derwent Class: L03; U11

International Patent Class (Main): H01L-021/762

International Patent Class (Additional): H01L-021/32; H01L-021/76

File Segment: CPI; EPI

EIC 2800 MARY MIMS 272-5928

08/29/2005 Warren 10/734,419

14/5/11 (Item 4 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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007189553

WPI Acc No: 1987-186562/198727

XRAM Acc No: C87-077674

XRFX Acc No: N87-139452

Simultaneous prodn. of self-aligned bipolar and CMOS transistors - on common silicon substrate by multi-stage deposition, structuring and doping

Patent Assignee: SIEMENS AG (SIEI )

Inventor: SCHABER H C; WIEDER A; BIEGER J

Number of Countries: 008 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 227970	A	19870708	EP 86116735	A	19861202	198727 B
JP 62155554	A	19870710	JP 86301096	A	19861216	198733
US 4737472	A	19880412	US 86931640	A	19861117	198817
EP 227970	B	19900808				199032
DE 3673364	G	19900913				199038

Priority Applications (No Type Date): DE 3544621 A 19851217

Cited Patents: 1.Jnl.Ref; EP 110313; EP 80523; EP 83785; FR 2531812

Abstract (Basic): EP 227970 A

Prodn. involves producing n-doped zones (5) in p-doped substrate (1) for p-channel transistors (c) and placing insulated npn-bipolar transistors (a) in n-doped zones (5), so that n-zones (5) form collector of transistor (A).

The process is as follows: (a) Prodn. of a double film of SiO<sub>2</sub> and Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> on a p-doped substrate (1) and structuring of the Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> film by local oxidn. (LOCOS). (b) Prodn. of field oxide (3) for sepg. active transistor zones (A,B,C) in substrate (1) by local oxid., using Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> structure as oxidn. mask. (c) Prodn. of n-zones (5) and p-zones (4) in substrate (1) by implantation of n- and p-doping ions respectively and diffusion. (d) removal of nitride/oxide mask. (e) Prodn. of 1st insulating film (6) with a thickness of max 50 nm over entire surface, which acts as protective film for later gate zones in etching and dielectric for the memory capacitors (D) and also prevents diffusion of B from p-conducting film (8) applied later into zones of bipolar transistors (A) adjacent to later collector zone (K). (f) Removal of this 1st insulating film (6) from all areas of later bipolar transistors (A) except collector zone (I) and adjacent areas by photolithography. (g) Removal of photoresist mask. (h) Implantation to dope electrodes (7) of memory capacitors (8) in substrate (A), using a photoresist technique. (i) Deposition of a p-conducting film (8) of poly-Si, metal silicide or a double film of poly-Si and metal silicide on entire surface. (j) Deposition of a second insulating film (9) on entire surface. (k) Structuring of these 2 films (8,9) with vertical edges until substrate (1) is exposed by dry etching to define base zone of bipolar transistors (A) and memory capacitor zone (D).

USE/ADVANTAGE The process is used for producing VLSIs with high switching rates.

3/10

Title Terms: SIMULTANEOUS; PRODUCE; SELF; ALIGN; BIPOLAR; CMOS; TRANSISTOR; COMMON; SILICON; SUBSTRATE; MULTI; STAGE; DEPOSIT; STRUCTURE; DOPE  
Index Terms/Additional Words: COMPLEMENTARY; METAL; OXIDE; SEMICONDUCTOR;

08/29/2005 Warren 10/734,419

14/5/13 (Item 6 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R) File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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004505336

WPI Acc No: 1986-008680/198602

XRAM Acc No: C86-003656

XRPX Acc No: N86-006229

Mfr. of silicon body with sunken oxide layer - using two oxidn. masks,  
the second adjoining the first on sidewalls of a depression

Patent Assignee: PHILIPS GLOEILAMPENFAB NV (PHIG )

Inventor: BARTSEN J W; DIL J G

Number of Countries: 009 Number of Patents: 008

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 166474	A	19860102	EP 85200783	A	19850515	198602 B
NL 8401711	A	19851216	NL 841711	A	19840529	198603
JP 60257538	A	19851219	JP 85112307	A	19850527	198606
US 4622096	A	19861111	US 85729843	A	19850502	198648
CA 1230428	A	19871215				198802
CN 8501827	A	19870110				198806
EP 166474	B	19881026				198843
DE 3565910	G	19881201				198849

Priority Applications (No Type Date): NL 841711 A 19840529

Cited Patents: 1.Jnl.Ref; A3...8827; DE 931556; FR 2243523; GB 2048435; JP  
58156783; US 2011035; US 2335814; US 3448765; US 3826280; US 4271583; US  
4361280; US 4398992

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
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EP 166474	A	E	21		
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Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT NL

EP 166474	B	E			
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Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT NL

Abstract (Basic): EP 166474 A

Semiconductor device is formed by: forming an oxidn. mask on an Si  
body; forming a depression with sidewalls which are flat and enclose an  
angle of 25-45 deg. with the surface; forming a second oxidn. mask on  
the sidewalls of 5-50 nm thick Si (oxy)nitride applied directly or  
sepd. by an oxide layer of thickness below 5 nm; and carrying out an  
oxidn. treatment.

USE/ADVANTAGE - In mfr. of semiconductor devices contg. a large no.  
of circuit elements. A sunken oxide layer of very flat structure is  
formed in a simple, non-critical manner.

1/8

Title Terms: MANUFACTURE; SILICON; BODY; SUNK; OXIDE; LAYER; TWO; OXIDATION  
; MASK; SECOND; ADJOIN; FIRST; SIDEWALL; DEPRESS

Derwent Class: L03; P78; U11

International Patent Class (Additional): B44C-001/22; C03C-015/00;

C03C-025/06; H01L-021/76

File Segment: CPI; EPI; EngPI

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14/5/15 (Item 8 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R) File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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003674944

WPI Acc No: 1983-34915K/198315

XRAM Acc No: C83-034095

XRPX Acc No: N83-063168

Forming oxide isolation regions in silicon - using nitride oxide mask  
with lateral edges of oxide converted to silicon oxynitride

Patent Assignee: GENERAL ELECTRIC CO (GENE )

Inventor: GHEZZO M; MCCONNELEE P A

Number of Countries: 006 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 75875	A	19830406				198315 B
JP 58074051	A	19830504				198324
JP 90054657	B	19901122	JP 82169474	A	19820928	199051

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 81305883 A 19810928

Cited Patents: 2.Jnl.Ref; A3...8627; EP 6706; EP 71203; JP 57076856;

No-SR.Pub; US 3874919; US 4113515; US 4272308

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
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EP 75875	A	E	13		
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Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT NL

Abstract (Basic): EP 75875 A

Semiconductor substrate having an active region on its surface surrounded by SiO<sub>2</sub> is made by (a) providing a first type substrate with an active region on its surface; (b) forming a thin SiO<sub>2</sub> layer on the surface; (c) forming a thick Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> layer on the SiO<sub>2</sub>; (d) patterning the Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> to produce a retained portion (18) overlying and registered with the active region; (e) similarly patterning the SiO<sub>2</sub>, exposing the major substrate surface surrounding the active region; (f) converting the peripheral portions of the retained SiO<sub>2</sub> into Si oxynitride; (g) converting the exposed substrate to SiO<sub>2</sub> (14) by heating in an oxidising atmos.; and (h) removing retained portions of the Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> and SiO<sub>2</sub> overlying the active region.

Pref., the substrate is etched to a predetermined depth, esp. about 57% thickness SiO<sub>2</sub> to be formed in (g), before (g), so the surface of substrate and grown oxide are coplanar.

Formation of Si oxynitride inhibits oxidn., maintaining the size of the active region and minimising 'bird's beak' formation, during formation of oxide isolation regions for ICs.

3D-F/3

Title Terms: FORMING; OXIDE; ISOLATE; REGION; SILICON; NITRIDE; OXIDE; MASK  
; LATERAL; EDGE; OXIDE; CONVERT; SILICON; OXYNITRIDE

Derwent Class: L03; U11

International Patent Class (Additional): H01L-021/31

File Segment: CPI; EPI

08/29/2005 Warren 10/734,419

14/5/16 (Item 9 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R) File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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002485870

WPI Acc No: 1980-03887C/198003

Insulating films for silicon semiconductor devices - formed by nitriding  
a surface silicon dioxide film

Patent Assignee: FUJITSU LTD (FUIT )

Inventor: ITO T; NOZAKI T

Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 009

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 6706	A	19800109				198003 B
JP 54162967	A	19791225				198130
JP 81028017	B	19810629				198130
EP 6706	B	19851030				198544
DE 2967538	G	19851205				198550
US 4621277	A	19861104				198647
JP 54163679	A	19791226				199037
US 4980307	A	19901225	US 89401489	A	19890830	199103
EP 6706	B2	19930317	EP 79301114	A	19790612	199311

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 7872654 A 19780615; JP 7871618 A  
19780614

Cited Patents: DE 1644012; GB 1234665; US 3520722; US 3798061; US 4056642;  
1.Jnl.Ref; FR 2223836; DE 1489188; US 3385729

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
EP 6706	A	E			
Designated States (Regional): DE GB NL					
EP 6706	B	E			
Designated States (Regional): DE GB NL					
EP 6706	B2	E	15	H01L-021/318	
Designated States (Regional): DE GB NL					

Abstract (Basic): EP 6706 A

In prodn. of a semiconductor device having an insulating film, an  
SiO<sub>2</sub> film on an Si substrate is heated in a nitriding atmosphere to  
convert at least a portion of it to Si nitride. The SiO<sub>2</sub> film is formed  
pref. by thermal oxidn. of the Si substrate.

In prodn. of gate insulator films of MISFET devices, capacitor  
dielectrics, passivation films or selective masks used in formation of  
semiconductor devices.

The nitrided SiO<sub>2</sub> film is more dense than a vapour-deposited Si  
nitride film; also no sharp interface is formed between the nitride  
layer and the dioxide layer so that the no. of recombination centres is  
reduced.

Title Terms: INSULATE; FILM; SILICON; SEMICONDUCTOR; DEVICE; FORMING;  
NITRIDATION; SURFACE; SILICON; FILM

Derwent Class: L03; U11; U12

International Patent Class (Main): H01L-021/318

International Patent Class (Additional): H01L-021/28; H01L-021/31;

H01L-021/314; H01L-029/46; H01L-029/62

File Segment: CPI; EPI